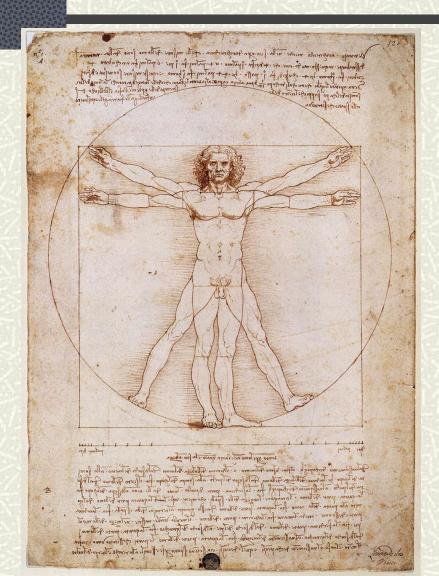
Chapter 1



Introduction to Anatomy & Physiology

Mrs. Black

Ch 1.2 Anatomy and Physiology

 ANATOMY: <u>structure</u> (morphology), form and how the parts are organized

o PHYSIOLOGY: <u>function</u>, what the parts do

and how they work

 Structure and function are closely associated and hard to separate in the human body. How a part is put together (Anatomy) effects how that part will work (Physiology).

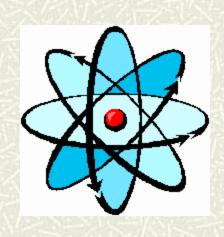
Crash Course Anatomy

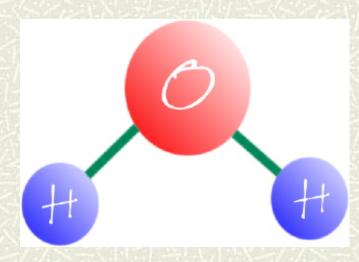
Top 10 Facts of the Body

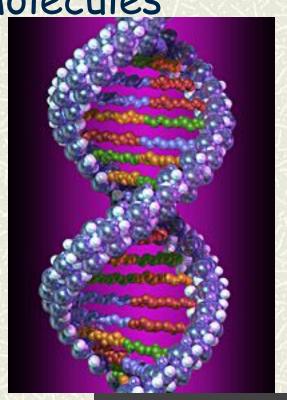
15 Useless Body Parts Ch 1.3 Levels of organization: Larger body parts are made of smaller parts.

1. Chemicals:

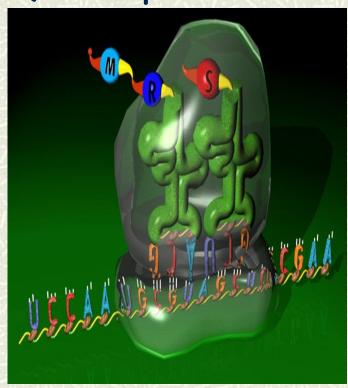
Atoms-Molecules-Macromolecules

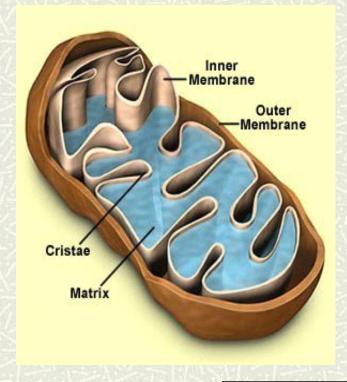




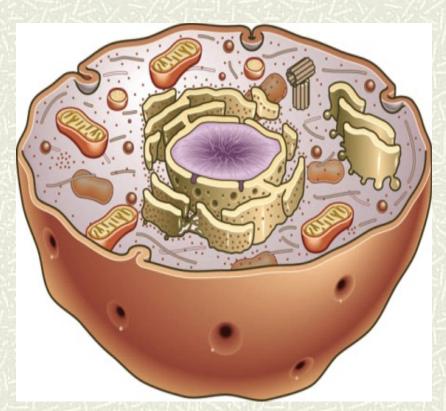


2. Organelles: parts within the cell (examples: ribosomes & mitochondria)

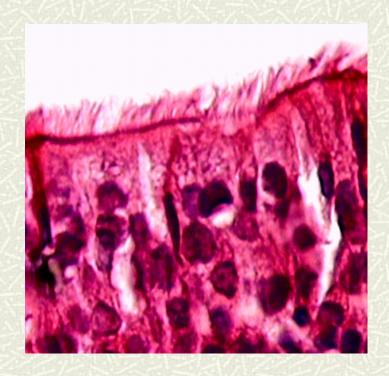


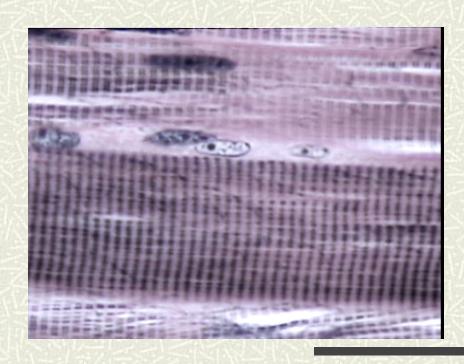


3. Cells: basic unit of life

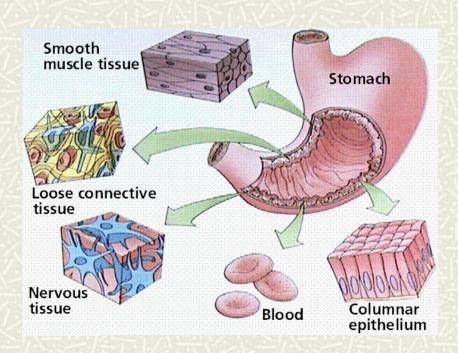


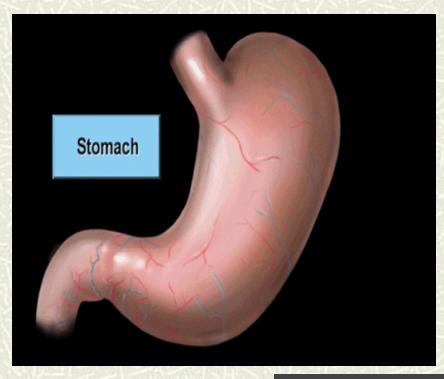
4. Tissues: layers of cells with common function



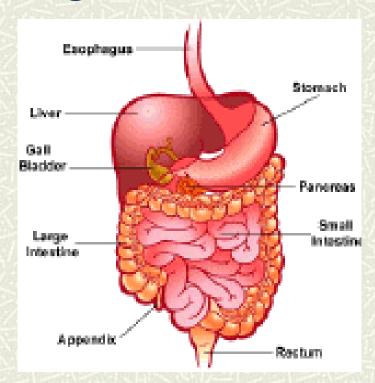


5.Organs: different groups of tissues. With specialized function.





6. Organ systems: groups of organs that work together



7.Organism: organ systems put together



Increasing levels of complexity

